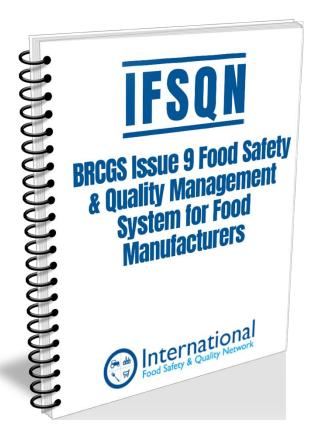


We have written this workbook to assist in the implementation of your BRCGS food safety management system. The workbook is divided into 8 steps that are designed to assist you in implementing your food safety management system effectively:

- ✓ Step One: Introduction to the BRCGS Global Standard for Food Safety Issue 9
- ✓ Step Two: Senior Management Implementation
- ✓ Step Three: Food Safety Plan/HACCP Implementation
- ✓ Step Four: Food Safety Quality Management System
- ✓ Step Five: BRCGS Implementation Planning & Training
- ✓ Step Six: Internal Auditing Training & Checklists
- ✓ Step Seven: Final Steps to BRCGS Certification

The Workbook guides you through the process of implementing our BRCGS Food Safety Quality Management System, which is an ideal package for Food Manufacturers looking to meet British Retail Consortium Global for Food Safety 2022 (Issue 9).



This comprehensive system contains:

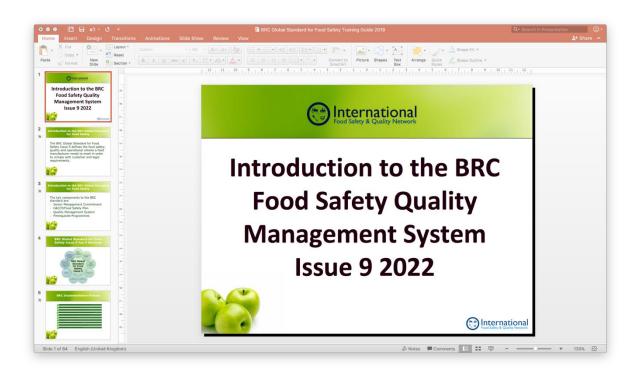
- ✓ Comprehensive Procedures Manual
- ✓ HACCP Manual containing the HACCP Calculator
- ✓ Laboratory Quality Manual
- ✓ Training Modules
  - → Implementing the BRCGS Food Safety Management System Training Module
  - → HACCP Training
  - → Internal Audit Training and Checklists
- ✓ FSQMS, Verification and Validation Record Templates
- ✓ Free online support via e-mail

As well as being updated this BRCGS Implementation Package includes additional management tools to help you achieve BRCGS certification:

- ✓ Allergen Management Module & Risk Assessment Tool
- ✓ Supplier Risk Assessment Tool
- ✓ Product Development Module
- ✓ BRCGS Risk Assessment Tool
- ✓ Complaint Management Guidelines & Analyser
- ✓ Hygiene Inspection Training
- ✓ Verification Schedule Risk Assessment Tool and Template

# <u>Step One: Introduction to the BRCGS Global Standard for Food</u> Safety

This PowerPoint training module presentation will introduce the BRCGS Global Standard for Food Safety to the management team and explain how to start the process of implementing a BRCGS compliant Food Safety Management System.





#### **Step Two: Senior Management Implementation**

A Senior Management Implementation checklist is provided that establishes your Food Safety Management System fundamentals including Food Safety Policies and Objectives.

The checklist guides Senior Management:

- ✓ in planning the establishment of the FSQMS
- ✓ in providing adequate support to establish the FSQMS
- ✓ in ensuring there is adequate infrastructure and work environment
- ✓ in allocating responsibility and authority

This stage requires the Senior Management to meet and establish the foundations for the Food Safety Management System:

- ✓ Formulating a checklist of Customer, Regulatory, Statutory and other relevant Food Safety requirements
- ✓ Decide which Food Safety requirements the company should address and develop relevant policies.
- ✓ Based on the Food Safety Policy Management Policies establish Food Safety Objectives
- ✓ Define the scope and boundaries of the FSQMS
- ✓ Plan the establishment of the FSQMS using the project planner
- ✓ Provide adequate support to establish the FSQMS
- ✓ Ensure there is adequate infrastructure and work environment and develop a Corrective Action Plan to rectify Prerequisite shortfalls
- ✓ Allocate responsibility and authority
- ✓ Assess, plan and establish appropriate internal and external communication (including the food chain) channels
- ✓ Plan to establish a food safety culture

As a decision has already been made to implement a system compliant with the BRCGS Global Standard for Food Safety, the Senior Management meeting should also consider the requirements of the Standard which are summarised below and should be read direct from the Standard:

	Section 1 Senior Management Commitment		
imple	The site's senior management shall demonstrate they are fully committed to the implementation of the requirements of the Global Standard Food Safety and to processes which facilitate continual improvement of food safety, quality management and the site's food safety and quality culture.		
	1.1 Senior Management Commitment and Continual Improvement		
1.1.1	Documented Food Safety Policy - produce safe, legal and authentic products to the specified quality		
1.1.2	Plan and Develop Food Safety & Quality Culture		
1.1.3	Documented Food Safety Objectives for safety, authenticity, legality and quality		
1.1.4	Management Review		
1.1.5	Meeting Program		
1.1.6	Confidential Reporting System		
1.1.7	Human and Financial Resources		
1.1.8	Informed of scientific/technical developments, industry codes of practice, new risks to authenticity of raw materials & relevant legislation		
1.1.9	Current, Original Copy of the Standard		
1.1.13	Logo & certification status		
1.1.14	Appropriate registrations with the relevant authorities where required by legislation		
	1.2 Organisational Structure, Responsibilities and Management Authority		
1.2.1	Organisation Chart		
1.2.2	Employees Are Aware of Responsibilities		
1.2.3	Staff shall be aware of the need to report any risks		
1.2.4	Use of external expertise		

A meeting should now be co-ordinated involving all the Senior Management Team.

## Senior Management FSQMS Implementation Meeting

**Date** 

<u>Time</u>

<u>Venue</u>

#### <u>Agenda</u>

- 1. Formulating a checklist of Customer, Regulatory, Statutory and other relevant Food Safety requirements
- 2. Decide which Food Safety requirements the company should address and develop relevant policies.
- 3. Based on the Food Safety Policy Management Policies establish Food Safety Objectives
- 4. Define the scope and boundaries of the FSQMS
- 5. Plan the establishment of the FSQMS using the project planner
- 6. Provide adequate support to establish the FSQMS
- 7. Ensure there is adequate infrastructure and work environment
- 8. Allocate responsibility and authority
- 9. Assess, plan and establish appropriate internal and external communication (including the food chain) channels
- 10. Plan to establish a food safety culture

### Attendees:

Senior Management Team				
Job Title	Name	Role in Team		
Managing Director		Chairman		
General Manager		Deputy Chair		
Operations Manager		Operations Reporting		
Technical Manager		Food Safety and Quality Reporting		
Planning Manager		Planning and Capacity Reporting		
Distribution Manager		Distribution Reporting		
Maintenance Manager		Services and Engineering Provision		
Finance Manager		Financial Reporting		
Human Resources Manager		Resource reporting		

## Senior Management FSQMS Implementation Checklist

The Senior Management FSQMS Implementation Meeting should follow the guidelines of the Senior Management Implementation Checklist:

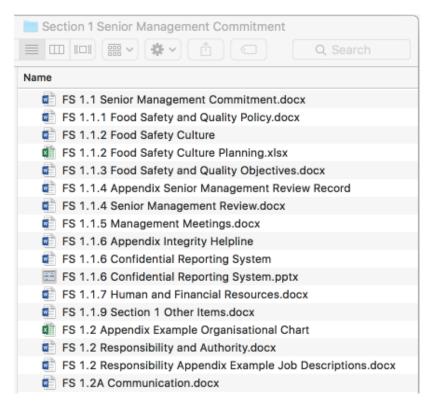
	Senior management formulate a checklist of Customer, Regulatory, Statutory and other relevant Food Safety requirements			
	Customer/Regulatory/Statutory/Other	Record Details		
	XYZ Customer Requires this			
	BRCGS Global Standard for Food Safety Issue 9			
	Food Regulations			
Action (i)	CODEX Recommended International Code of Practice General Principles of Food Hygiene (2020) Chapter Two HAZARD ANALYSIS AND CRITICAL CONTROL POINT (HACCP) SYSTEM AND GUIDELINES FOR ITS APPLICATION.			
	Senior Management decides which Food Safety requirements the company should address and develop relevant policies.			
	Requirement	Policy Details		
0 -41				
Action (ii)				

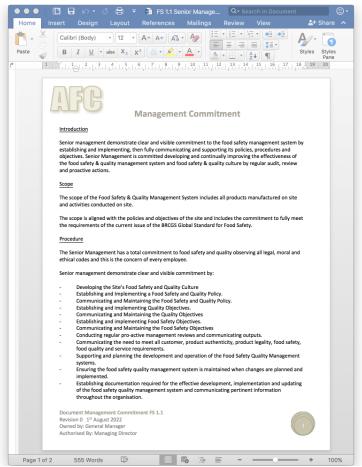
At a	later stage, Senior Management will be re	equired to carry out a management
	review	
After i	mplementation and verification Senior M	anagement take action to continually
	improve the FS	OMS

### The outputs from this meeting will be:

- ✓ Food Safety Policy
- √ Food Safety Objectives
- ✓ Defined Scope
- ✓ A Developed Project Planner
- ✓ Support Plan for Implementation/Training
- ✓ Plans for Infrastructure/Work Environment/Prerequisites
- ✓ Allocation of Responsibility/Authority
- ✓ Defined Communication Channels
- ✓ An Action Plan to lead and support a food safety culture within the site

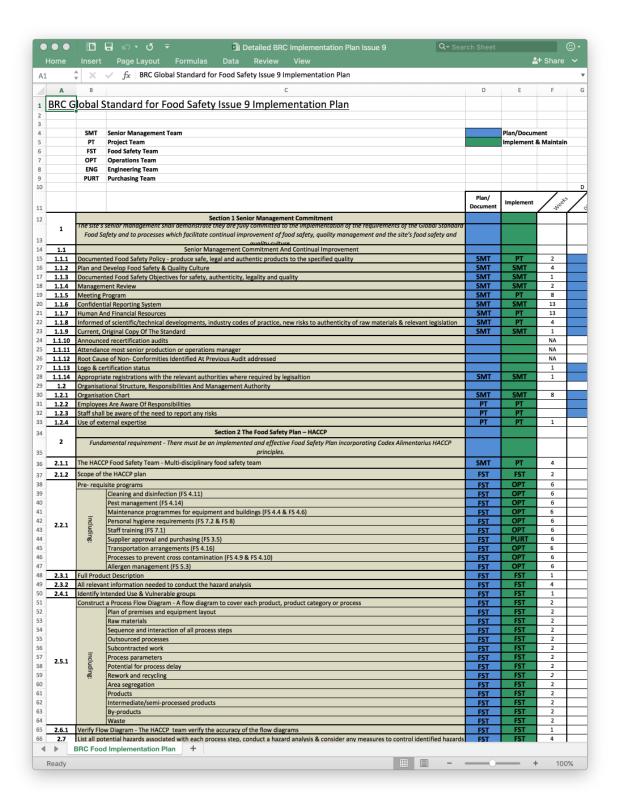
# Senior Management can choose/adapt the templates supplied with the system to assist in documenting policies and objectives:





#### Senior Management Establish the Project Plan

Senior Management can adapt/use the template supplied with the system to establish a Project Plan.



#### Senior Management provide adequate support to establish the FSQMS

Senior management establish and provide adequate support to establish the FSQMS including the resource required to complete the implementation plan, establish, implement and maintain the Food Safety Management System, conduct Internal Audits and Monitor & Measure.

	Senior management provide adequate support to establish the FSQMS		
	Resource requirement	Details	
	Food Safety Team Leader		
	Food Safety Team		
Action	FSQMS Steering Group		
(vi)	Trainers		
	Internal Auditors		

#### Senior Management allocate Responsibility and Authority Requirements

Senior Management establishes responsibility and authority levels. The scope of the defined responsibility and authority will include all staff, both full time and temporary. Staff responsibilities will include contributing to achieving site objectives and continuous improvement. The level of responsibility and authority of sub-contractors is defined in the procedure for the control of sub-contractors.

Responsibilities and authorities of all personnel should be communicated to them via induction and role training.

An organisational chart should be drawn to demonstrate the company structure with deputies for each management position. The identity of deputies should be communicated to all employees.

All Managers will need to have agreed and signed job descriptions for their individual roles which include responsibility and authority.

General Job descriptions including levels of responsibility and authority should be made available for all roles on site. All personnel should be required to sign the relevant general job description which is held with their individual training records. Responsibility for reporting any problems with the food safety quality management system should be detailed in individual job descriptions. The job descriptions include details of staff responsibility and authority to initiate and record corrective actions.

Specific responsibilities for key processes are to be documented within operational procedures. Individual objectives are cascaded in staff appraisals.

The Management Representative for Quality and Food Safety is the Technical Manager, who retains responsibility and authority for:

- Ensuring that Quality and Food Safety Management systems are established, implemented, maintained and updated.
- Reporting directly to senior management regarding system performance and suitability
- Presenting FSQMS information for senior management review so that actions for improvement can be determined.
- Ensuring that the Food Safety team are fully qualified and trained to meet the company requirements.

- Ensure the development of the HACCP Plan.
- Promotion of the awareness of customer requirements throughout the company.
- External communication and liaison regarding the management systems.

Remember the Food Safety/HACCP Team Leader should be able to demonstrate competence and experience of HACCP. Day to day responsibility of Food Safety should be the responsibility of the company

Site and Departmental Annual Objectives and targets are agreed and documented in the Management Review minute

#### Key Personnel and Nominated Deputies

Job Title	Job Holder	Nominated Deputy
Emergency Response Coordinator		
Food Safety/HACCP Team Leader		
General Manager		
Operations Manager		
Production Manager		
Warehouse Manager		
Maintenance Manager		
Factory Safety Manager		
Human Resource Manager		
Quality Manager		
Production Supervisor		
Packing Manager		
Technical Manager		
Planning Manager		
Goods Receipt Manager		
Design and Development Manager		
Planning Manager		
Customer Service Manager		
Laboratory Manager		
Distribution Manager		
Project Manager		

# Senior Management Establish a Product Recall/Crisis Management Team

Crisis Management/Product Recall Team				
Crisis	Name	Crisis Coordinator	Contact Details	
Fire or Site evacuation		Health and Safety Manager		
Utility Supply failure		Maintenance Manager		
IT systems failure		Operations Manager		
Water Supply Contamination		Technical Manager		
Breaches of security		General Manager		
Distribution Failure		Distribution Manager		
Bomb Threat or similar		General Manager		
Bioterrorism		Managing Director		
Extortion or Sabotage	-	General Manager		
Product quality or safety		Technical Manager		

# Senior Management Establish Food Safety Responsibility & Authority Levels

Process	Responsible Persons	Activity
Purchases	Purchasing Manager	Purchase ingredients from approved and certified sources Ensure purchase orders comply with applicable specifications
	Quality Manager	Ensure adequate information on supply application form Ensure suppliers adhere to supply handling practices Perform suppliers audit or review supply status where necessary
Receiving and warehousing	QA/QC & Store Executives	Compare Purchase Order and Delivery note or check contracts as per Suppliers Specifications criteria (if applicable) Check receiving temperature, pest infestations, quality, packing conditions and truck hygiene. Observe unloading practices Handle incoming goods as per documented procedures Ensure Good Storage Practices and FIFO rotation principles
Preparation of Ingredients	QA/QC, Production Manager & Production Executive	Follow safe food preparation and handling practices Check environmental hygiene and safety Check equipment process performance and maintenance Check water quality and safety Check raw materials identification and traceability
Production	QC/QC, Production Manager, Supervisor & Operators	Maintain product recipes and characteristics Do not modify recipes prior to approval from top management Follow safe food handling practices Ensure Good Manufacturing Practices are adhered to Follow cleaning and sanitation standards and procedures Follow the handling standards of raw and processed foods
Holding and Filling of Processed Food	Production Supervisor & Operators	Follow safe food holding procedures Hold foods outside the range of danger zone Follow safe food filling procedures into primary packaging
Capping, coding and packing	Production Supervisor & Operators	Follow safe capping procedures Ensure food in primary packaging are hygienically located Ensure coding for traceability is performed to procedures Follow secondary packaging procedures to protect products

# Senior Management Establish Food Safety Responsibility & Authority Levels

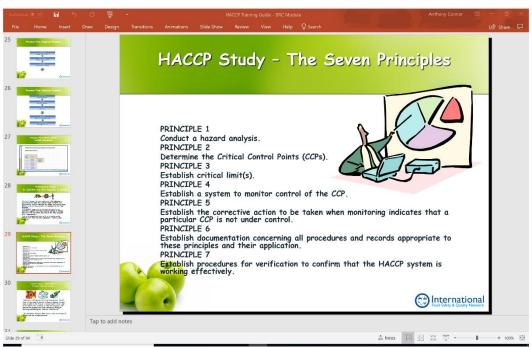
Process	Responsible Persons	Activity

### **Step Three: Food Safety Plan/HACCP Implementation**

#### **HACCP Training**

HACCP training is supplied to train your food safety team in the preliminary steps to a Hazard analysis, the principles of HACCP and Instructions in implementing your HACCP system.





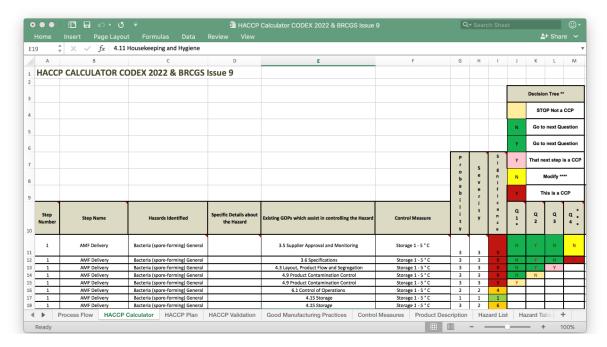
#### **HACCP System**

The HACCP System is implemented by following the FSQMS procedures:

#### **FSQMS Section 2**

- FS 2 HACCP System
- FS 2.1.1 HACCP Team
- FS 2.1.2 HACCP Scope
- FS 2.2 HACCP Prerequisites
- FS 2.3 HACCP Product Description and Relevant Information
- FS 2.4 HACCP Intended Use
- FS 2.5 HACCP Flow Diagrams
- FS 2.6 HACCP Flow Diagram Verification
- FS 2.7.1 Hazard Identification
- FS 2.7.2 Hazard Assessment
- FS 2.7.3 Identification of Control Measures
- FS 2.8 Identification of Critical Control Points (CCPs)
- FS 2.9 Establishing Validated Critical Limits for each CCP
- FS 2.10 Establishing a Monitoring System for each CCP
- FS 2.11 Establishing a Corrective Action Plan
- FS 2.12 Validating the HACCP Plan and Establishing Verification Procedures
- FS 2.13 Establishing HACCP Documents and Records

#### <u>Supplementary HACCP Tools and Documents</u> HACCP Calculator CODEX 2022 & BRCGS Issue 9 & Instructions



#### **HACCP Implementation Tasks**

HACCP Implementation Tasks are to be completed by the Food Safety Team using the guidelines included in this HACCP Implementation Section. We will go through the task by section as the requirements are listed in Section 2 of the BRCGS Global Standard for Food Safety. Note that the documents match the clauses of the section for ease of implementation.



# This implementation is based on CODEX Guidelines for HACCP Application:

The Food Safety System has been developed based on CODEX Recommended International Code of Practice General Principles of Food Hygiene 2020 Edition - CHAPTER TWO - HAZARD ANALYSIS AND CRITICAL CONTROL POINT (HACCP) SYSTEM AND GUIDELINES FOR ITS APPLICATION - SECTION 3: APPLICATION

- 3.1 Assemble HACCP Team and Identify Scope (Step 1)
- 3.2 Describe product (Step 2)
- 3.3 Identify intended use and users (Step 3)
- 3.4 Construct flow diagram (Step 4)
- 3.5 On-site confirmation of flow diagram (Step 5)
- 3.6 List all potential hazards that are likely to occur and associated with each step, conduct a hazard analysis to identify the significant hazards, and consider any measures to control identified hazards (Step 6/ Principle 1)
- 3.7 Determine the Critical Control Points (Step 7/ Principle 2)
- 3.8 Establish validated critical limits for each CCP (Step 8/ Principle 3)
- 3.9 Establish a Monitoring System for Each CCP (Step 9/ Principle 4)
- 3.10 Establish corrective actions (Step 10/ Principle 5)
- 3.11 Validation of the HACCP Plan and Verification Procedures (Step 11/ Principle 6)
- 3.11.1 Validation of the HACCP Plan
- 3.11.2 Verification Procedures
- 3.12 Establish Documentation and Record Keeping (Step 12/ Principle 7)
- 3.13 Training

## HACCP Implementation Guide Section 2.1 Food Safety Team

A core multidisciplinary team is utilised within the company to develop the Food Safety Management System and HACCP (Food Safety) plans. This team includes personnel from engineering, production operations quality assurance, technical management and other relevant functions with knowledge of the relevant raw materials, packaging, processing aids, products and associated processes. This core team is supplemented by other staff when specific areas or products are being analysed and by departmental staff who can contribute expert knowledge of their particular areas.

The HACCP team have knowledge and experience of HACCP, Products, the Process, the Equipment, and Associated Hazards. Food Safety Team Members have knowledge and experience of HACCP Systems and in developing and implementing a food safety management system.

Key personnel identified as HACCP team members are HACCP trained and have appropriate experience, all of which is documented on the HACCP teams training records. Expert external assistance is used as an aid, when in-house knowledge is limited, but day-to-day management of the food safety system remains the responsibility of the HACCP Team.

### A typical HACCP Team may include:

Team Member	HACCP Training
Technical Manager	Advanced
Laboratory Manager	Intermediate
Processing Manager	Intermediate
Engineering Manager	Intermediate
Operations Manager	Intermediate
Warehouse Manager	Intermediate
Production Manager	Intermediate

#### Confirm your HACCP (Food Safety Team)

Food Safety Team			
Food Safety Team	Name	Position	Qualification

## The HACCP Team is responsible for:

- Following HACCP procedures and constructing the Food Safety Plans
- Validation and verification of the HACCP system
- Review of the effects of any factory process or product change on the Food Safety Management System
- Updating Food Safety Plans as necessary

#### HACCP Implementation Guide Section 2.2 Pre- requisite programs

Prerequisite programmes are established including:

Cleaning and disinfection (FS 4.11)

Pest management (FS 4.14)

Maintenance programmes for equipment and buildings (FS 4.4 & FS 4.6)

Personal hygiene requirements (FS 7.2 & FS 8)

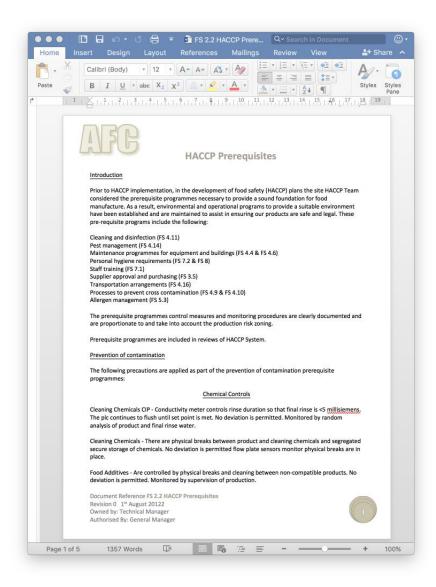
Staff training (FS 7.1)

Supplier approval and purchasing (FS 3.5)

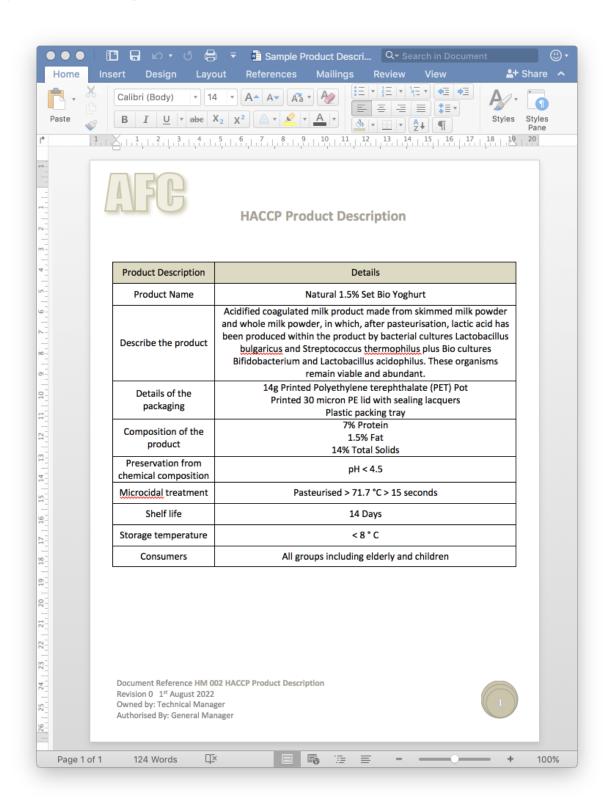
Transportation arrangements (FS 4.16)

Processes to prevent cross contamination (FS 4.9 & FS 4.10)

Allergen management (FS 5.3)



Use the Sample Product Description in the HACCP documents to assist you in compiling an end product description



#### HACCP Implementation Guide Section 2.4 Identify Intended Use

The food safety management team identify all possible users and consumers for each product and process category. Vulnerable consumer groups in particular are considered for each food safety hazard.

# HACCP Implementation Guide Section 2.5 Construct a Process Flow Diagram

The Food Safety Team should be responsible for constructing flow diagrams for the products and process categories covered by the scope of the food safety management system as an overview of the process and where there is a potential for occurrence, increase or introduction of food safety hazards.

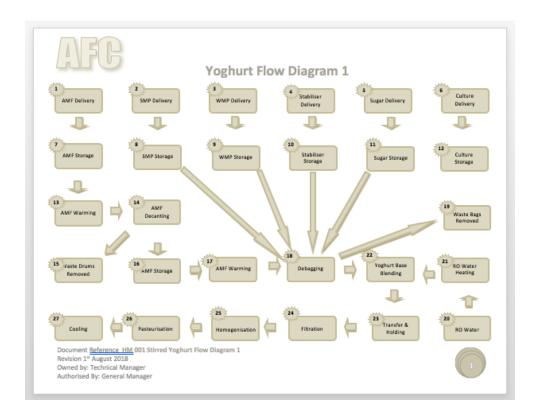
The Flow diagrams should be accurate and clearly show:

The sequence and interaction of all steps
Outsourced processes
Subcontracted work

The Flow diagram should clearly show the stage(s) that:

Raw Materials enter the flow
Ingredients enter the flow
Intermediate Products enter the flow
Packaging Materials enter the flow
Reworking and/or Recycling take place
End Products leave the flow
Intermediate Products leave the flow
By products leave the flow
Waste leaves the flow

#### Flow Diagram Example



The steps in the process should be entered into the Process Flow sheet:

#### **Process Worksheet**

Step Number	Step Name
1	Delivery of Ingredient A
2	Delivery of Ingredient B
3	Delivery of Ingredient C
4	Delivery of Ingredient D
5	Packaging Removed
6	Filtration

#### The food safety team specify acceptable levels for each hazard

For each Food Safety Hazard Identified, the acceptable level of the hazard in the end product is determined, justified and recorded taking into account regulatory requirements, customer food safety requirements, historic information, scientific literature, professional experience and intended use by the customer.

This hazard list is referred to as a preliminary hazard list and covers all hazards that could potentially occur in the product.

The hazards identified should be entered into the list of Hazards on the sheet in the HACCP manual:

Step Number	Step Name	Hazards Identified		
1	Delivery of Ingredient A	Bone		
1	Delivery of Ingredient A	Campylobacter spp.		
1	Delivery of Ingredient A	Contamination with Bacteria from pests		
1	Delivery of Ingredient A	Pesticides		
1	Delivery of Ingredient A	Salmonella spp. (S. typhimurium, S. enteriditis)		
1	Delivery of Ingredient A	Bacteria (spore-forming) General		
1	Delivery of Ingredient A	Pest control chemicals		

## The food safety team assess the food safety hazards

Each potential food safety hazard should now be risk assessed by the Food Safety Team to determine whether its elimination or reduction to acceptable levels is required to produce a safe product and also any controls required to achieve the acceptable levels.

For each step grades of impact (severity of adverse health effects) and probability (likelihood of a food safety hazard occurring) need to be allotted and the combined matrix used to judge the severity and priority for elimination or minimisation of the hazard.

The Food Safety Team should identify the hazards that need to be prevented, eliminated or reduced to acceptable levels.

The Food Safety Team need to consider the probability of the hazard occurring, the severity of the hazard on the consumer, the vulnerability of the targeted consumer, the survival and multiplication of any biological hazards and any likely toxin production, the presence of chemicals or foreign bodies, contamination at any stage in the process and possible deliberate contamination or adulteration.

Taking these factors into account a rating is given for probability and severity and entered:

Step Step Name Hazards Identified			Probability	Severity	Significance
1	Delivery of Ingredient A	Bone	1	3	3
1	Delivery of Ingredient A	Campylobacter spp.	2	3	6
1	Delivery of Ingredient A	Contamination with Bacteria from pests	3	3	9
1	Delivery of Ingredient A	Pesticides	3	1	3
1	Delivery of Ingredient A	Salmonella spp. (S. typhimurium, S. enteriditis)	3	3	9
1	Delivery of Ingredient A	Bacteria (spore-forming) General	2	2	4
1	Delivery of Ingredient A	Pest control chemicals	1	1	1

First, the Food Safety Team assesses the likelihood of the hazard occurring and enter:

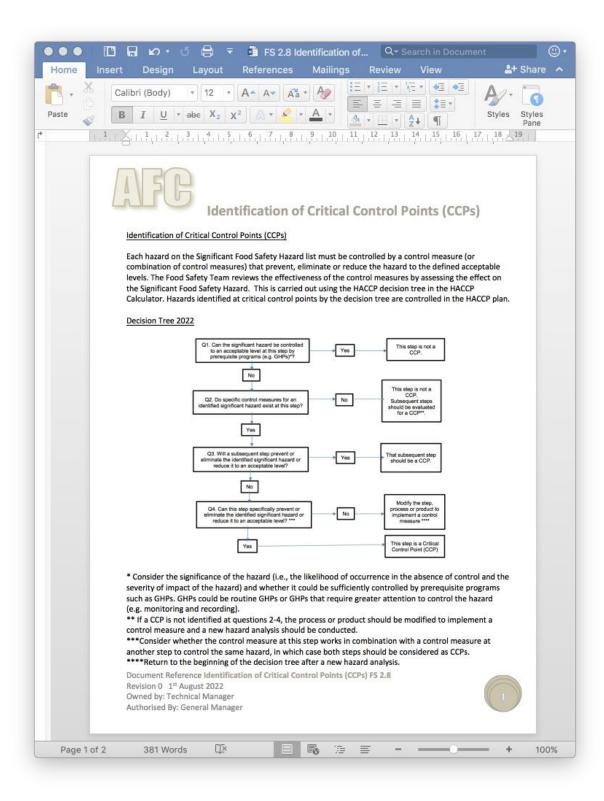
- 1 for Highly Unlikely
- 2 for Possible
- 3 for Likely

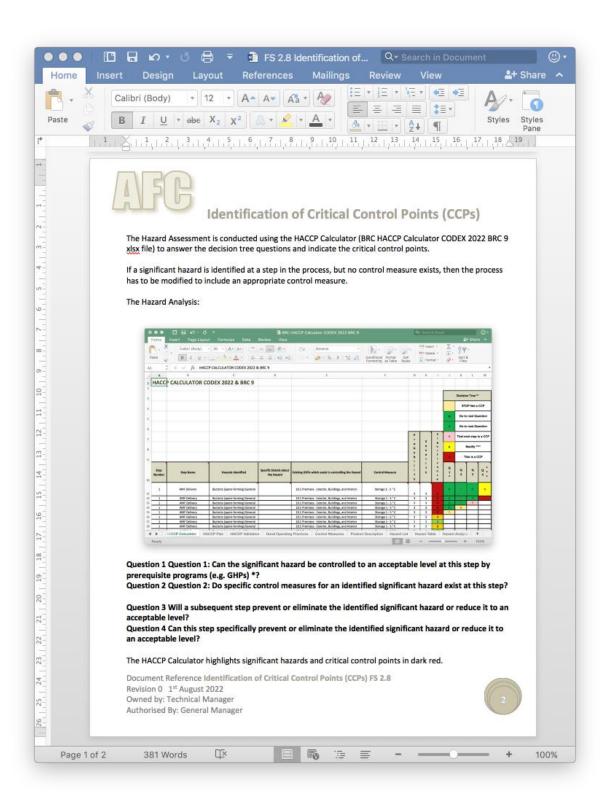
Then the Food Safety Team assesses the severity of the hazard and enters:

- 1 for Not Severe
- 2 for Could possibly cause illness
- 3 for Severe (Could be fatal)

The Food Safety team should factor in the vulnerability of the targeted consumer, the survival and multiplication of any biological hazards and any likely toxin production, the presence of chemicals or foreign bodies,

# HACCP Implementation Guide Section 2.8 Determine the Critical Control Points





# **HACCP Plan**

Critical Limits	Monitoring Procedures	Corrective Action	Responsibility	HACCP Record
Minimum / Maximum acceptable levels to ensure condition is in control	<ul> <li>measurements to be taken (or observations) method of measurement</li> <li>devices used (including applicable calibration procedures)</li> <li>frequency of monitoring</li> <li>responsibility and authority for monitoring and evaluation of the monitoring results</li> </ul>	Action to be taken when outside of critical limits to regain control and ensure unsafe product is controlled	Who is taking the action	Where is it recorded

#### Design of the HACCP Plan

The Food Safety Team need to formulate and document a HACCP plan defining the hazards to be controlled, CCPs where hazards are controlled, critical limits and monitoring procedures at each CCP and action to be taken when critical limits are exceeded. The HACCP plan needs to define those responsible for performing monitoring procedures and the records where the monitoring results are recorded.

The food safety team identify critical control points (CCP) s for each food safety hazard

Critical Control Points are established using the decision tree as the latest step in the flow path where controls can be effectively administered for a particular Significant Food Safety Hazards.

HACCP Implementation Guide Section 2.9 Establish Validated Critical Limits for each CCP

The food safety team determine the critical limit for each CCP

For each Critical Control Point the Food Safety Team should identify the appropriate control measure(s) and critical limits for each CCP monitoring procedure.

The critical limits should be specific for each Significant Hazard identified and where more than one food safety hazard has been identified at a CCP then critical limits should be established for both hazards and the most stringent limit applied.

Control Measures and Control Limits should be defined. They are often using guidance from the external approved documents including codes of practice and regulatory requirements. The Food Safety Team should justify and document how critical limit levels have been determined.

Critical Limits based on subjective data such as visual inspections should be supported by specific procedures, specifications, education/training and where applicable photographs.

HACCP Implementation Guide Section 2.10 Establish a Monitoring System for Each CCP

The food safety team determine and establish monitoring procedures and records for each CCP

The Food Safety Team should now establish monitoring procedures and records for each CCP to include all scheduled measurements (or observations) in relation to the critical limit.

The procedures and records should define:

- √ measurements to be taken (or observations)
- ✓ method of measurement
- √ devices used (including applicable calibration procedures)
- √ frequency of monitoring
- ✓ responsibility and authority for monitoring and evaluation of the monitoring results

When determining monitoring procedures, the Food Safety team should take into consideration the operational flow and monitoring result timeframes to ensure that the monitoring method and frequency are capable of identifying a breach of critical limits so that product can be isolated before being used or consumed.

HACCP Implementation Guide Section 2.11 Establish a Corrective Action Plan

The food safety team determine the corrections and corrective actions to be taken when monitoring results exceed critical limits

For each CCP Corrections and Corrective actions when critical limits are exceeded should be defined by the Food Safety Team in the HACCP plan.

The HACCP team should define and document the corrective action when trends indicate a likely loss of control.

Corrections should be applied to bring the parameters controlled at the CCP under control and the correction instruction include reporting requirements and action to be taken by the authorised nominated person with regards to the products produced while the process was out of control.

# **Control Measure Validation**

Product Category					
Step Number					
Hazard					
Control Measure					
Validation Methods	Applicable		Comments		
validation Methods	Yes	No	Comments		
Third Party Scientific					
Validation					
Historical Knowledge					
Simulated Production					
Conditions					
Collection of Data in normal					
production					
Admissible in industrial					
practices					
Statistical Programmes					
Mathematical Modelling					
Conclusion					
Internal Validation Required?					
If so by which method?					
CCP Confirmed					
Authorised by(Name):					
Signature:					

#### **HACCP Implementation Guide Section 2.12**

#### Validating the HACCP Plan

Before the HACCP (Food Safety) Plan can be implemented and prior to any change that may affect product safety, the HACCP Plan is validated by the HACCP (Food Safety) Team; this consists of making sure that the following elements together are capable of ensuring control of the significant hazards relevant to the food business:

Hazards

**Critical Control Points** 

**Critical Limits** 

**Control Measures** 

Frequency & Type of Monitoring of CCPs

**Corrective Actions** 

Recorded information

For existing HACCP food safety plans, validation may be possible using existing verification procedures and results

#### **Establish Verification Procedures**

#### **Verification Planning**

The Food Safety Team should define the methods, frequencies and responsibilities for verification activities. Verification activities should be put in place by the Food Safety Team to confirm the effective operation of the Food Safety Management System.

The following areas should be verified by HACCP verification audit and review of Key Performance indicators:

HACCP plan is implemented and effective PRP(s) Infrastructure and Maintenance are implemented Hazards are below identified acceptable levels All other procedures required for the effective operation of the Food Safety Management system are implemented and effective

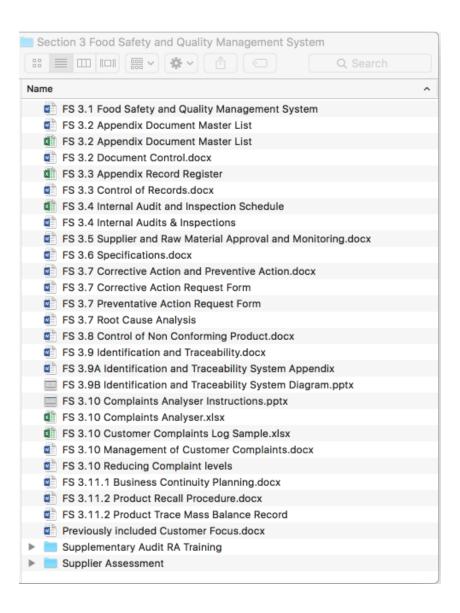
The Food Safety Representative is usually responsible for establishing an audit schedule and allocating audit responsibility.

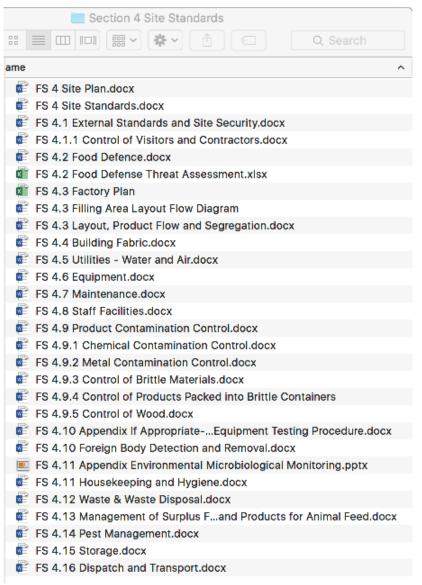
#### **Step Four: Food Safety Quality Management System**

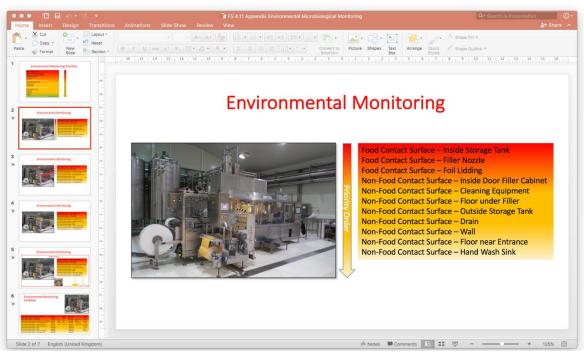
Our Food Safety Management System contains a comprehensive BRCGS compliant documentation package.

The Food Safety Quality Manual contains comprehensive top level procedures templates that form the foundations of your Food Safety Management System so you don't have to spend 1,000's of hours writing compliant procedures.

There are procedures that cover each clause and section of the BRCGS Global Standard for Food Safety Issue 9







## Food Safety and Quality Management System Implementation

Food Safety and Quality Management System Implementation Tasks are to be completed by the Food Safety Team using the Food Safety Management System templates:

## Section 1 Senior management commitment

- FS 1.1 Senior Management Commitment
- FS 1.1.1 Food Safety and Quality Policy
- FS 1.1.2 Food Safety Culture
- FS 1.1.2 Food Safety Culture Planning
- FS 1.1.3 Food Safety and Quality Objectives
- FS 1.1.4 Senior Management Review
- FS 1.1.4 Appendix Senior Management Review Record
- FS 1.1.5 Management Meetings
- FS 1.1.6 Appendix Integrity Helpline
- FS 1.1.6 Confidential Reporting System
- FS 1.1.7 Human and Financial Resources
- FS 1.2 Responsibility and Authority
- FS 1.2 Appendix Example Organisational Chart
- FS 1.2 Responsibility Appendix Example Job Descriptions
- FS 1.2A Communication

# Section 2 The food safety plan - HACCP

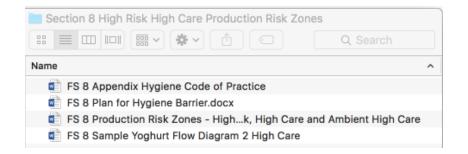
- FS 2 HACCP System
- FS 2.1.1 HACCP Team
- FS 2.1.2 HACCP Scope
- FS 2.2 HACCP Prerequisites
- FS 2.3 HACCP Product Description and Relevant Information
- FS 2.4 HACCP Intended Use
- FS 2.5 HACCP Flow Diagrams
- FS 2.6 HACCP Flow Diagram Verification
- FS 2.7.1 Hazard Identification
- FS 2.7.2 Hazard Assessment
- FS 2.7.3 Identification of Control Measures
- FS 2.8 Identification of Critical Control Points (CCPs)
- FS 2.9 Establishing Validated Critical Limits for each CCP
- FS 2.10 Establishing a Monitoring System for each CCP
- FS 2.11 Establishing a Corrective Action Plan

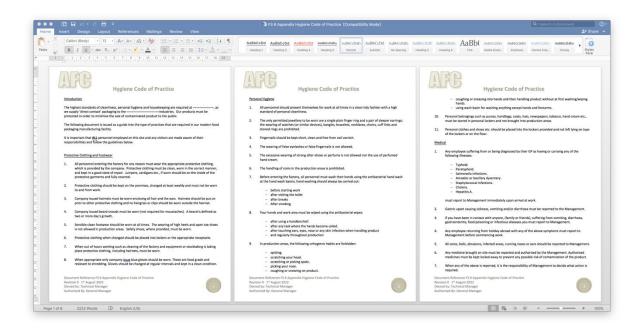
#### Section 8 Production Risk Zones

FS 8 Production Risk Zones High Risk, High Care and Ambient High Care Production Risk Zones

#### Section 9 Requirements for Traded Products

- FS 9.1 The Food Safety Plan HACCP
- FS 9.2 Approval and Performance Monitoring of Manufacturers/Packers of Traded Food Products
- FS 9.3 Specifications
- FS 9.4 Product Inspection and Laboratory Testing
- FS 9.5 Product Legality
- FS 9.6 Traceability

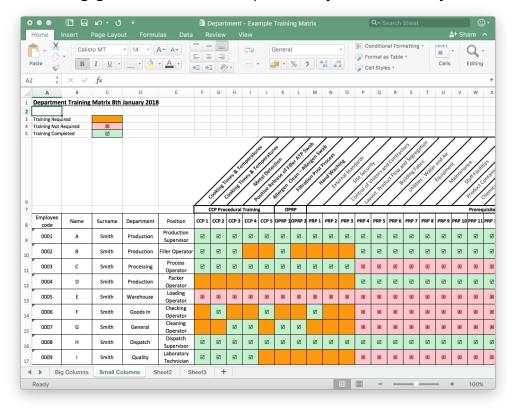




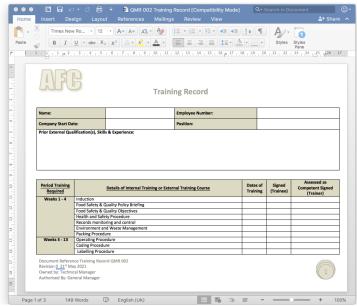
# **Step Five: Training and Implementation**

A significant part of the implementation process is training. Job Descriptions should be available for all staff and they should be briefed and aware of their food safety responsibilities.

A training matrix and plans should be drawn up for all staff and the relevant training given based on responsibility and authority.



We have provided a Staff Training Matrix Template in Microsoft Excel Format.



For each employee and individual training record should be completed. QMR 002 Training Record is provided in the documentation pack as a template.

Basic Training should be given to all staff and also include:

- √ Job/Task Performance
- ✓ Company Safety and Quality Policies and Procedures
- ✓ Good Manufacturing Practices
- ✓ Allergen Controls
- ✓ Cleaning Procedures
- ✓ HACCP
- ✓ Bio security and Food Defence
- ✓ Product Quality
- √ Chemical Control
- ✓ Hazard Communication
- ✓ Blood borne Pathogen
- √ Emergency Preparedness
- ✓ Employee Safety
- ✓ Safety Regulatory Requirements/Quality Regulatory Requirements

## The Food Safety Team should receive extra training:

- ✓ Internal Audit Training (Conducted in Step Seven)
- √ HACCP Training

Remember all food handlers should receive Basic Food Hygiene Training

# **Implementation**

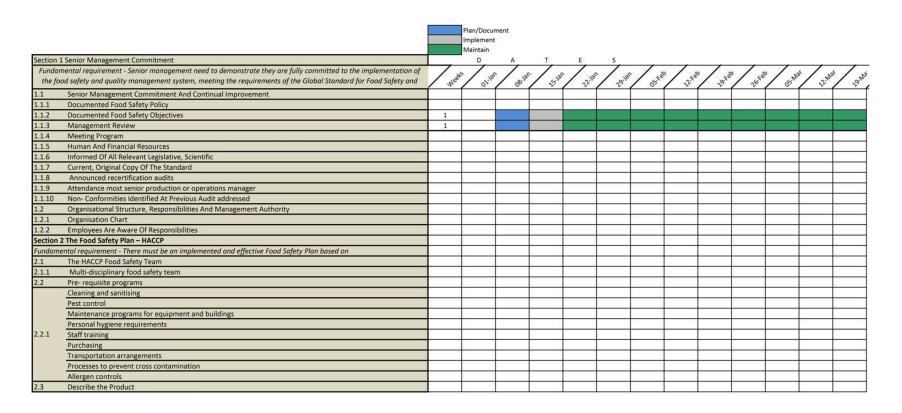
At this stage of the project you will need to ensure:

- ✓ Steering Group are established and briefed
- ✓ The Steering Group take control of the Project Plan established by Senior Management

Food Safety Management System Steering Group								
FSQMS Team Member	Name	Position	Qualification					
FSQMS Team Leader								
FSQMS Assistant Leader								
FSQMS Team Members								

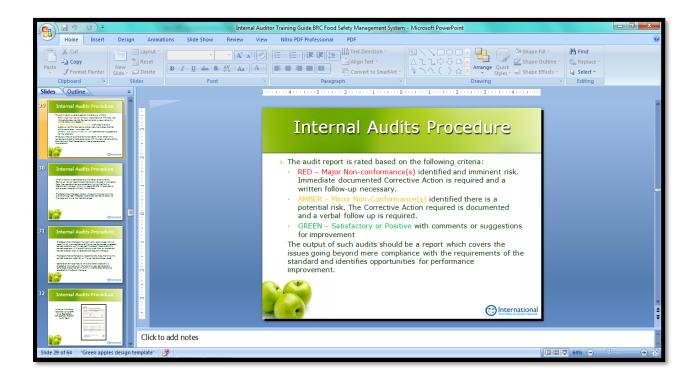
## Project Plan

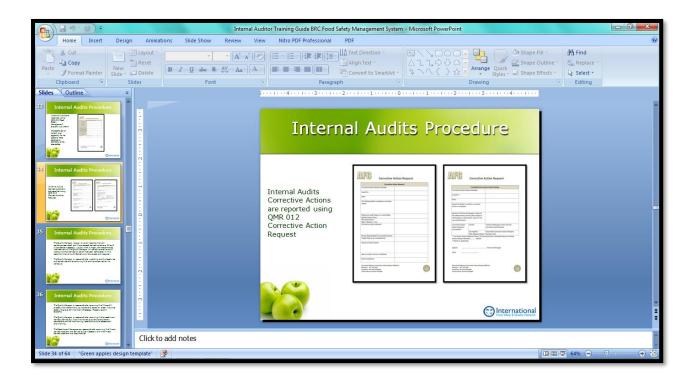
The Steering Group use the Excel Project Plan developed by Senior Management as a step by step guide to implementing the Food Safety Management System.



## **Step Six: Internal Auditing Training**

Internal Auditor Training - An interactive and illustrated Internal Audit training presentation to train your Internal Audit procedure.





## **Stage Seven: Final Steps to BRCGS Certification**

There a few final steps to achieving BRCGS Certification:

- ✓ Carry out a Senior Management Review
- ✓ Carry out an assessment of your system to make sure that it meets the requirements of the BRCGS Global Standard for Food Safety using our Checklist and a copy of the standard
- ✓ Ensure any areas requiring corrective action are addressed
- ✓ Choose your Certification Body
- ✓ Agree a Contract with a Certification Body
- ✓ On-Site Audit
- ✓ Audit & Corrective Action Review
- ✓ Certification & Issuing of the Audit Report
- ✓ Celebrate!
- ✓ Communicate your success!

Our system is supplied with QM 1.2 Management Review Procedure and QMR 001 Management Review Meeting Minutes which should be used as a template.

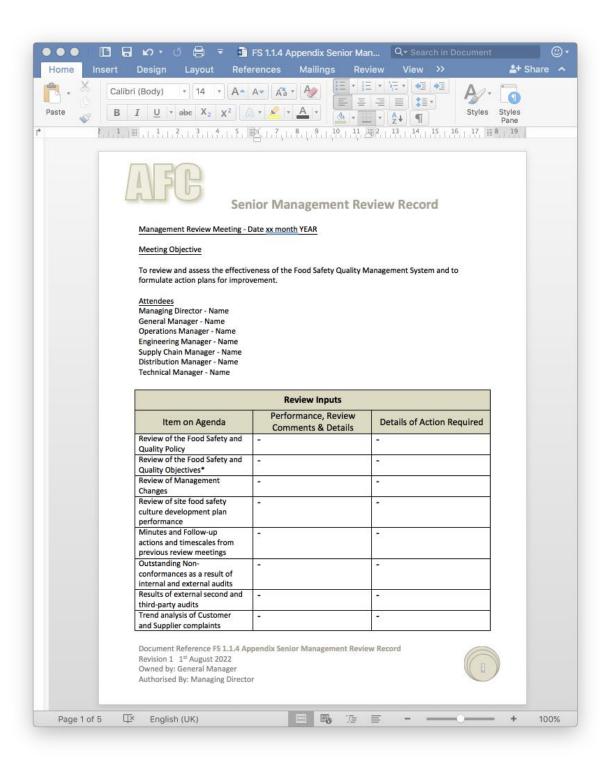
## Senior Management Review Meeting Notification

#### Date/Time

#### **Venue**

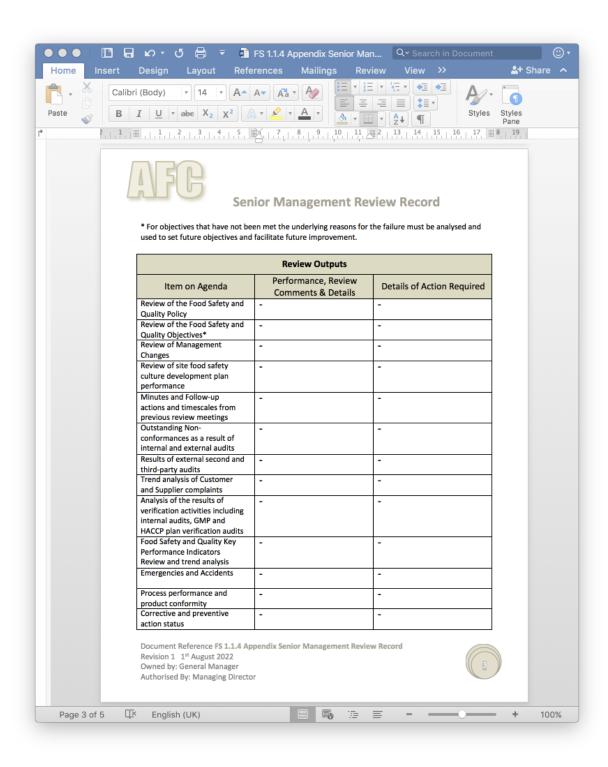
#### <u>Agenda</u>

- 1. Review of the Food Safety and Quality Policy
- Review of the Food Safety and Quality Objectives\*
- 3. Review of Management Changes
- Minutes and Follow-up actions and timescales from previous review meetings
- 5. Food Safety Culture performance review
- 6. Outstanding Non-conformances as a result of internal and external audits
- 7. Results of external second and third-party audits
- 8. Trend analysis of Customer and Supplier complaints
- 9. Analysis of the results of verification activities including internal audits, GMP and HACCP plan verification audits
- 10. Food Safety and Quality Key Performance Indicators Review and trend analysis
- 11. Emergencies and Accidents
- 12. Process performance and product conformity
- 13. Corrective and preventive action status
- 14. Food Safety incidents including allergen control and labelling non-conformances, recalls, withdrawals, safety or legal issues
- 15. Review of HACCP systems
- 16. Review of changes which could affect food safety and the HACCP Plan (including legislation changes and food safety related scientific information)
- 17. Review of food defence measures
- 18. Review of ingredient and product authenticity
- 19. Communication activities and effectiveness of communication
- 20. Review of Resources and effectiveness of Training
- 21. Recommended improvements
- 22. Customer Feedback and Sales levels are reviewed to give an indication of trends
- 23. A.O.B



# The senior management team implement actions to continually improve the FSQMS

Senior Management should implement actions to improve the Food Safety Management System. This will normally be as outputs from the Management Review:



## **Self-Assessment**

A final assessment should be made by the most senior technical member of the management team to decide if the Site Food Safety Management System in its current form meets the Requirements in Sections 1 to 9 of the BRCGS Standard. The nominated manager should read through the requirements in Section 1 to 9 of the BRCGS Global Standard for Food Safety and assess for compliance using the checklist below to record their findings.

BRCGS Global Standard for Food Safety F804a: Issue 9 Auditor Checklist and Site Self-Assessment Tool can be used for this task and can be downloaded here: <a href="https://BRCGSglobalstandards.com/media/1055370/f804a-issue-8-checklist-english.docx">https://BRCGSglobalstandards.com/media/1055370/f804a-issue-8-checklist-english.docx</a>

Findings can be summarised below.

BRCGS Global Standard for Food Safety Issue 9 Gap Analysis							
Relevant Documentation Requirements	Compliant						
Section 1 Senior Management Commitment	Yes	No	Comments				
1.1 Senior management commitment and continual improvement							
1.2 Organisational structure, responsibilities and management authority							
Relevant Documentation Requirements	Compliant						
Section 2 The Food Safety Plan – HACCP	Yes	No	Comments				

# Ensure any areas requiring corrective action are addressed

The non-compliances identified in the assessment of compliance with the BRCGS Standard should be logged by the Food Safety Team Leader and the appropriate corrective action allocated and taken:

Date	BRCGS Section	Details of Non- Conformance	Identified by:	Corrective Action Required	Responsibility	Target completion Date	Date Completed