

This comprehensive Food Safety Management System Implementation Package contains all the tools you will need to achieve certification to the FSSC 22000 Certification Scheme Version 6. This 2025 update is compliant with the requirements of the ISO 22000:2018 Food safety management systems - Requirements for any organization in the food chain, ISO 22002-100:2025 Prerequisite programmes on food safety Part 100: Requirements for the food, feed and packaging supply chain, ISO 22002-1:2025 Prerequisite Programmes for Food Manufacturers.

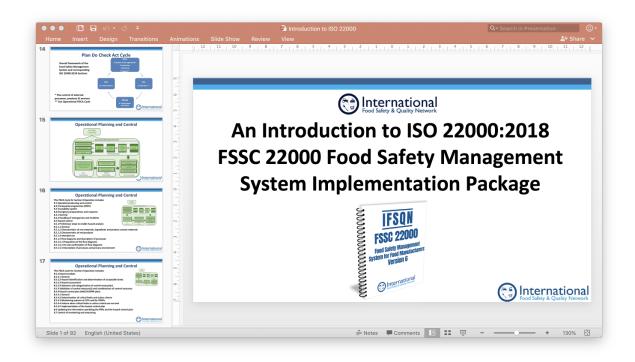
This workbook is provided to guide you in the implementation of your Food Safety Management System. The workbook is divided into 7 steps that are designed to assist you in implementing your food safety management system effectively:

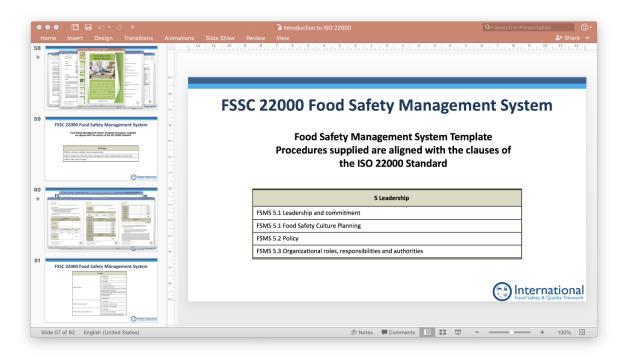
- ✓ Step One: ISO 22000 Training for Management
- ✓ Step Two: Top Management Implementation
- ✓ Step Three: Food Safety Management System
- ✓ Step Four: Project 22000 including HACCP Implementation
- ✓ Step Five: Internal Auditing & Checklists
- ✓ Step Six: Review and Updating
- ✓ Step Seven: Final Steps to ISO 22000 Certification

Step One: ISO 22000 Training for Management

Introduction to ISO 22000

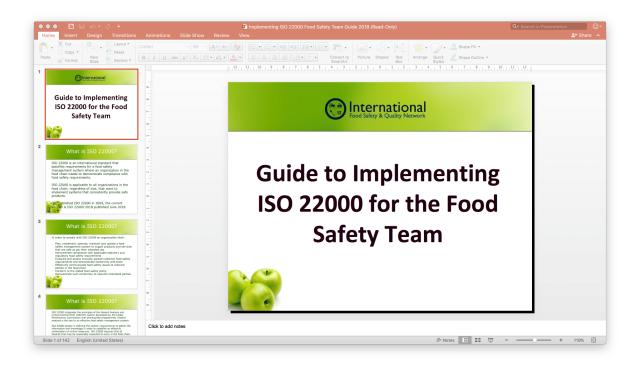
This PowerPoint presentation will introduce the ISO 22000 standard to the management team and explain exactly how to start the process of implementing an ISO 22000 compliant Food Safety Management System.





Food Safety Team: ISO 22000 Implementation Guide

The Food Safety Team: ISO 22000 Implementation Guide PowerPoint presentation supplied with the system explains to the Food Safety Team their role in implementing an ISO 22000:2018 compliant Food Safety Management System.

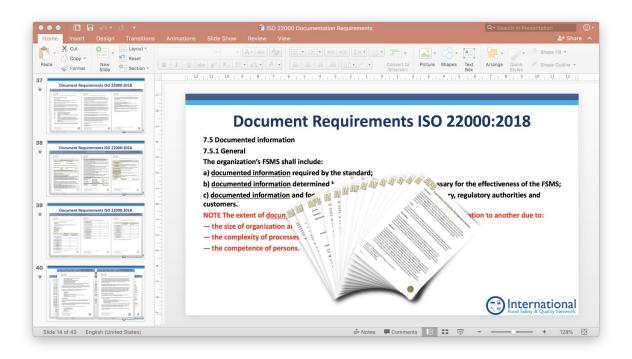




ISO 22000 Document Requirement Guide

The ISO 22000 Document Requirement Guide PowerPoint presentation supplied explains to the Management Team the documentation required in an ISO 22000 compliant Food Safety Management System.





Step Two: Top Management Implementation

Top Management need to start the implementation process, determine the Context of the organization, how to demonstrate Leadership and Planning establish the Food Safety Management System fundamentals including Food Safety & Quality Policies and Objectives ensuring the integration of the FSMS requirements into the organization's business processes.

At this stage, Top Management need to:

- ✓ determine the Context of the organization
- √ demonstrate Leadership
- ✓ plan the establishment of the FSMS
- ✓ plan to provide adequate support and resources to establish the FSMS
- ✓ ensure there is adequate infrastructure and work environment
- ✓ allocating responsibility and authority

This stage requires the Top Management to meet and establish the foundations for the Food Safety Management System:

- ✓ Determine external and internal issues that are relevant and affect its ability to achieve the intended result(s) of its FSMS
- ✓ Determine the interested parties (Customer, Regulatory, Statutory and other) that are relevant to the FSMS
- ✓ Determine Customer, Regulatory, Statutory and other relevant Food Safety & Quality requirements
- ✓ Define the scope and boundaries of the FSMS
- ✓ Plan the development of a Food Safety & Quality Culture
- ✓ Develop a Food Safety & Quality Policy
- ✓ Based on the Food Safety & Quality Policy establish Food Safety & Quality Objectives
- ✓ Plan the establishment of the FSMS using the project planner
- ✓ Provide adequate support to establish the FSMS
- ✓ Ensure there is adequate infrastructure and work environment
- ✓ Allocate responsibility and authority
- ✓ Assess, plan and establish appropriate internal and external communication (including the food chain) channels

A meeting should now be co-ordinated involving all the Top Management Team.

Top Management FSMS Implementation Meeting

Date/Time

Venue

Agenda

- 1. Determine external and internal issues that are relevant and affect its ability to achieve the intended result(s) of its FSMS
- 2. Determine the interested parties (Customer, Regulatory, Statutory and other) that are relevant to the FSMS
- 3. Determine Customer, Regulatory, Statutory and other relevant Food Safety & Quality requirements
- 4. Define the scope and boundaries of the FSMS
- 5. Develop a Food Safety & Quality Policy
- 6. Based on the Food Safety & Quality Policy establish Food Safety & Quality Objectives
- 7. Plan the establishment of the FSMS using the project planner
- 8. Provide adequate support to establish the FSMS
- 9. Ensure there is adequate infrastructure and work environment
- 10. Allocate responsibility and authority
- 11. Assess, plan and establish appropriate internal and external communication (including the food chain) channels

Attendees:

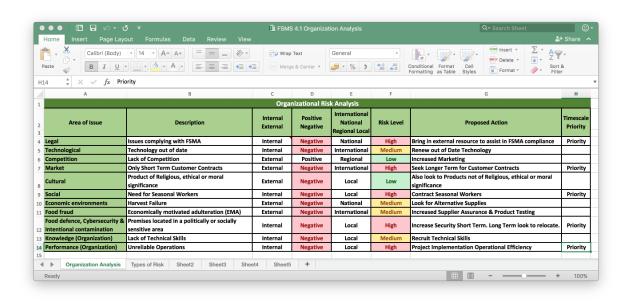
Top Management Team				
Job Title	Job Title Name Role in Team			
Managing Director		Chairman		
General Manager		Deputy Chair		
Operations Manager		Operations Reporting		
Technical Manager		Food Safety and Quality Reporting		
Planning Manager	Planning and Capacity Reporting			
Distribution Manager		Distribution Reporting		
Maintenance Manager		Services and Engineering Provision		
Finance Manager		Financial Reporting		
Human Resources Manager		Resource reporting		

6

Top Management: Determine external and internal issues that are relevant and affect its ability to achieve the intended result(s) of its FSMS

Top Management need to determine the internal and external issues that are relevant to its purpose and that affect its ability to achieve the intended result(s) of its FSMS. In order to achieve this aim Top Management should out an Organization Analysis considering external and internal issues, including legal, technological, competitive, market, cultural, social and economic environments, cybersecurity and food fraud, food defence and intentional contamination, knowledge and performance of the organization.

This analysis can be carried out using the FSMS 4.1 Organization Risk Analysis Tool included in the package:



The FSMS 4.1 Organization Risk Analysis Tool allows Top Management to summarise the Analysis by Area of Issue; Description of Issue; Whether Internal or External; Whether Positive or Negative; Whether International, National, Regional or Local; Risk Level; Proposed Action; Timescale and Priority.

	Top management plan to ensure there Environment	is adequate Infrastructure and Work
	Infrastructure and Work Environment required	Details
10		
	Top management allocate Responsibili	ty and Authority
	Responsibility and Authority	Details
	Food Safety Team Leader	
11	Food Safety Team	
11	Project Steering Group	
	Process - Purchasing	
	Process - Operations	
	etc.	

	Top management Assess, plan and establish appropriate internal and external communication (including the food chain) channels ****			
12	Communication required	Details		

- * When determining this scope, Top Management consider the external and internal issues, the interested parties and applicable statutory, regulatory and customer requirements.
- ** Top Management ensure that the food safety & quality policy and the objectives of the FSMS are established and are compatible with the strategic direction of the organization
- *** Top Management ensure the integration of the FSMS requirements into the organization's business processes
- **** Top Management also need to ensure the importance of effective food safety management and conforming to the FSMS requirements, applicable statutory and regulatory requirements, and mutually agreed customer requirements related to food safety is communicated effectively.

The outputs from this meeting will be:

- √ Food Safety & Quality Policy
- √ Food Safety & Quality Objectives
- ✓ Defined Scope
- √ A Developed Project Planner
- ✓ Plan for the development of a Food Safety & Quality Culture
- ✓ Support Plan for Implementation/Training
- ✓ Plans for Infrastructure/Work Environment
- ✓ Allocation of Responsibility/Authority
- ✓ Defined Communication Channels

<u>Top Management Define the Scope of the Food Safety Management System:</u>

The define the scope of the Food Safety Management System all product categories, processes, activities conducted, production sites and any outsourced activities that can affect food safety and quality.

All applicable customer, statutory and regulatory requirement and documents are identified including:

- Food Legislation
- Food Regulations
- National/International Standards
- Customer Codes of Practice

Top Management should establish a system (possibly through the Industry Federation) to ensure that it is kept informed of all relevant legislation, food safety or quality issues, legislative scientific and technical developments and Industry Codes of Practice applicable in the country of production and, where known, the country where the product will be sold. This information should be used for reference and Hazard Analysis.



<u>Top Management Establish Food Safety Responsibility & Authority Levels</u>

Process	Responsible Persons	Activity
Purchases	Purchasing Manager	Purchase ingredients from approved and certified sources Ensure purchase orders comply with applicable specifications
	Technical Manager	Ensure adequate information on supply application form Ensure suppliers adhere to supply handling practices Perform suppliers audit or review supply status where necessary
Receiving and warehousing	QA/QC & Store Executives	Compare Purchase Order and Delivery Note or check contracts as per Suppliers Specifications criteria (if applicable) Check receiving temperature, pest infestations, quality, packing conditions and truck hygiene. Observe unloading practices Handle incoming goods as per documented procedures Ensure Good Storage Practices and FIFO/FEFO rotation principles
Preparation of Ingredients	QA/QC, Production Manager & Production Executive	Follow safe food preparation and handling practices Check environmental hygiene and safety Check equipment process performance and maintenance Check water quality and safety Check raw materials identification and traceability
Production	QC/QC, Production Manager, Supervisor & Operators	Maintain product recipes and characteristics Do not modify recipes prior to approval from top management Follow safe food handling practices Ensure Good Manufacturing Practices are adhered to Follow cleaning and sanitation standards and procedures Follow the handling standards of raw and processed foods
Holding and Filling of Processed Food	Production Supervisor & Operators	Follow safe food holding procedures Hold foods outside the range of danger zone Follow safe food filling procedures into primary packaging
Capping, coding and packing	Production Supervisor & Operators	Follow safe capping procedures Ensure food in primary packaging are hygienically located

Step Three: Food Safety Management System

The Food Safety Management System contains a comprehensive ISO 22000 documentation package that you are now ready to implement:

- ✓ Food Safety & Quality Manual containing a set comprehensive procedures and record templates.
- ✓ HACCP manual containing food safety procedures and our unique HACCP Calculator.
- ✓ Laboratory manual including sample procedures and records.
- ✓ Prerequisite Programmes manual.

At this stage, you can choose to totally implement the procedures supplied or pick those that are applicable to your process.

Food Safety & Quality Manual

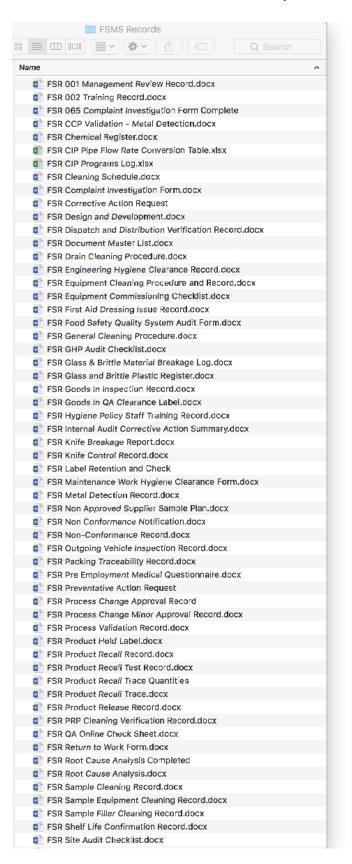
The Food Safety Management System folder contains comprehensive top level procedures templates that match the clauses of the ISO 22000:2018 standard and form the foundations of your Food Safety Management System so you don't have to spend 1,000's of hours writing compliant procedures:



FSSC 22000 Food Safety & Qu	uality & Management System			
4 Context of the organization				
FSMS 4.1 Understanding the organization and its context				
FSMS 4.2 Understanding the needs and expectations of interested parties				
FSMS 4.3 Determining the scope of the Foo	od Safety & Quality management system			
FSMS 4.4 Food Safety & Quality Manageme	ent System			
5 Lead	dership			
FSMS 5.1 Leadership and commitment				
FSMS 5.1 Food Safety & Quality Culture Pla	anning			
FSMS 5.2 Policy				
FSMS 5.3 Organizational roles, responsibili	ties and authorities			
6 Pla	nning			
FSMS 6.1 Actions to address risks and oppo	ortunities			
FSMS 6.2 Objectives of the Food Safety & 0 to achieve them	Quality Management System and planning			
FSMS 6.3 Planning of changes				
7 Su	pport			
	7.1 Resources			
	7.1.1 General			
	7.1.2 People			
	7.1.3 Infrastructure			
	7.1.4 Work environment			
FSMS 7 Support	7.1.5 Externally developed elements of			
	the Food Safety & Quality management			
	7.1.6 Control of externally provided			
	processes, products or services			
	7.2 Competence			
	7.3 Awareness			

FSMS Record Templates

The FSMS Records includes over 60 record templates:



ISO 22000 HACCP Manual containing the HACCP Calculator

The HACCP System is defined in the following Food Safety Management System documents:

FSMS 8.5.1 Preliminary steps to enable hazard analysis

FSMS 8.5.2 Hazard analysis

FSMS 8.5.3 Validation of control measure(s) and combinations of control measures

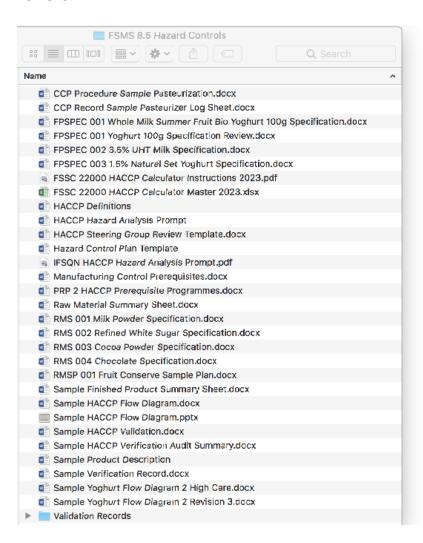
FSMS 8.5.4 Hazard control plan (HACCP/OPRP plan)

FSMS 8.6 Updating the information specifying the PRPs and the hazard control plan

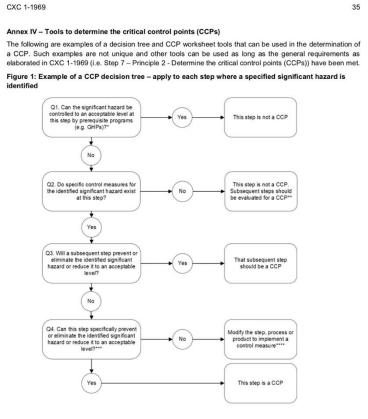
FSMS 8.7 Control of monitoring and measuring

FSMS 8.8 Verification related to PRPs and the hazard control plan

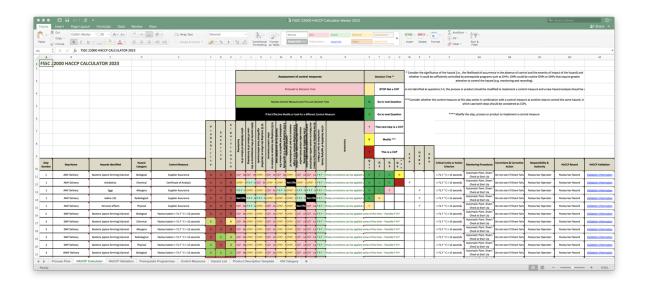
There are also supplementary HACCP Manual documents in the FSMS 8.5 Hazard Controls Folder including the FSSC 22000 HACCP Calculator 2023 & Instructions:



This package has been updated in accordance with CODEX Recommended International Code of Practice General Principles of Food Hygiene 2022 Edition HACCP System and Guidelines for its Application and a New 2022 Decision Tree.

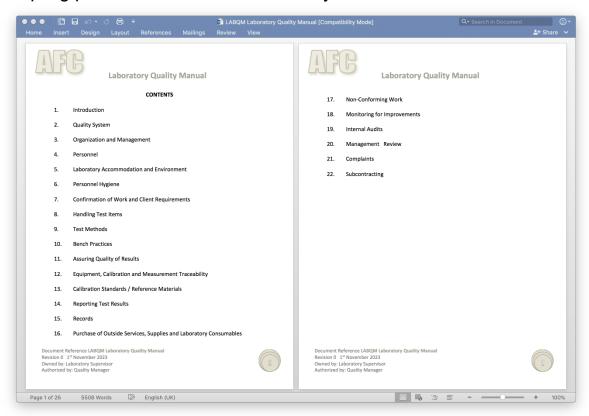


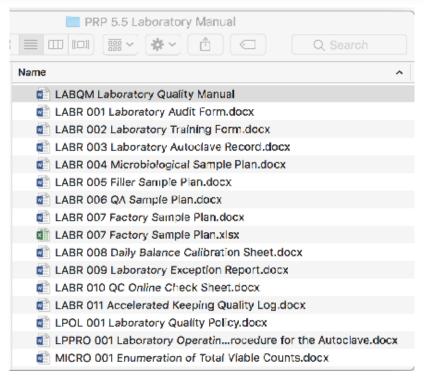
- * Consider the significance of the hazard (i.e. the likelihood of occurrence in the absence of control and the severity of impact of the hazard) and whether it could be sufficiently controlled by prerequisite programs such as GHPs. GHPs could be routine GHPs or GHPs that require greater attention to control the hazard (e.g. monitoring and recording).
- ** If a CCP is not identified at questions 2–4, the process or product should be modified to implement a control measure and a new hazard analysis should be conducted.
- *** Consider whether the control measure at this step works in combination with a control measure at another step to control the same hazard, in which case both steps should be considered as CCPs.
- **** Return to the beginning of the decision tree after a new hazard analysis



Laboratory Quality Manual

A comprehensive Laboratory Quality Manual based on the requirements of ISO 17025 is provided in Microsoft Word format. The laboratory quality manual includes template records, procedures and product sampling plans. See PRP 5.5 Laboratory Manual Folder.





NEW 2025 Prerequisite Programmes Manual

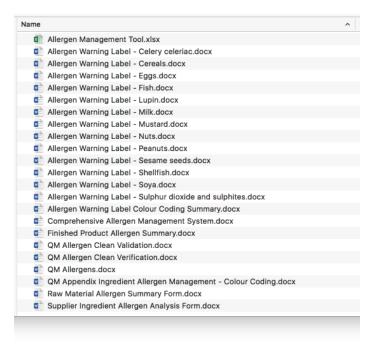
A comprehensive set of prerequisite programme templates compliant with ISO 22002-100:2025 Prerequisite programmes on food safety Part 100: Requirements for the food, feed and packaging supply chain, ISO 22002-1:2025 Prerequisite Programmes for Food Manufacturers and the FSSC 22000 Certification Scheme Additional Requirements Version 6:



Prerequisite Programmes Manual

Remember there are also supporting supplementary modules:

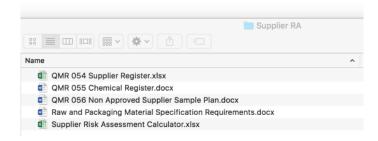
Allergen Management



Product Development

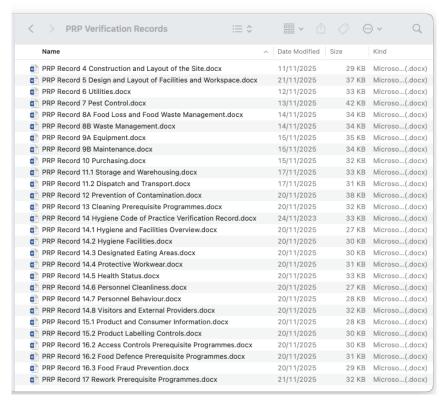


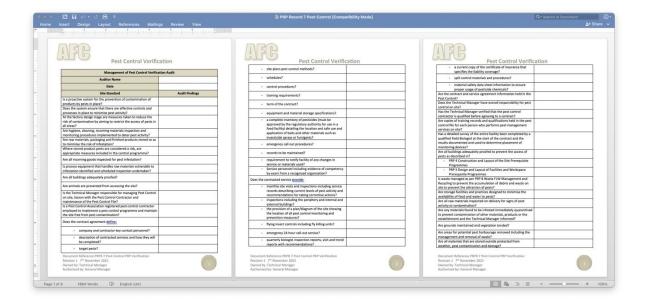
Supplier Risk Assessment



NEW 2025 Prerequisite Programmes Verification Records

A comprehensive set of prerequisite programme verification record templates are also included in the package.





Step Four: Project 22000

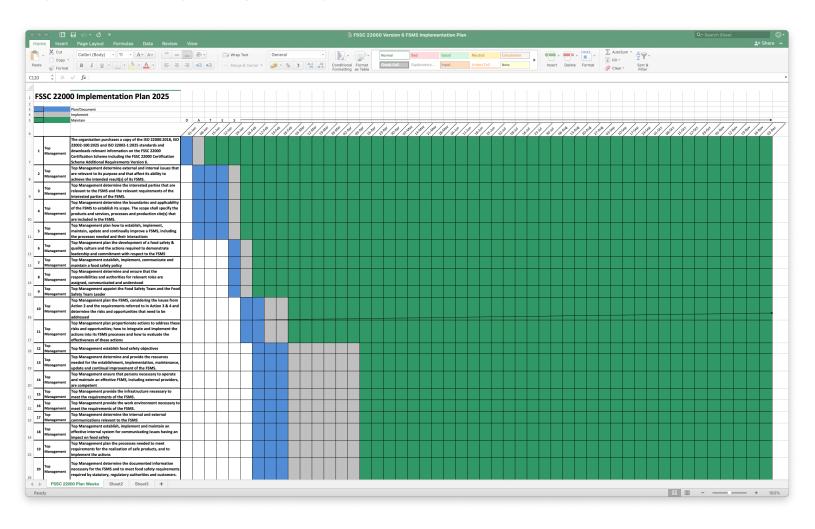
This contains the project tools you will need to achieve FSSC 22000 certification. In this part of the package you will find:

- ✓ Steering Group are established and briefed
- ✓ The Steering Group take control of the Project Plan established by Top Management
- ✓ The documents described previously are implemented as part
 of the Project Plan

Food Safety Management System Steering Group					
FSMS Team Member	Name	Position	Qualification		
FSMS Team Leader					
FSMS Assistant Leader					
FSMS Team Members					
		_			

Project Plan

The Steering Group use the Excel Project Plan developed by Top Management as a step by step guide to implementing the Food Safety Management System.



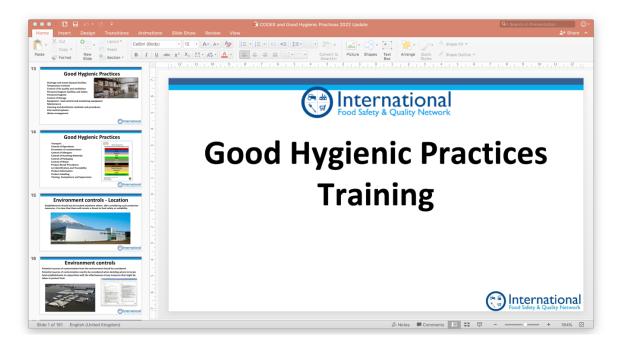
	Project Planning Tasks	Responsibility	Comments	Due Date for Completion	Date Completed
1	The organisation purchases a copy of the ISO 22000:2018, ISO 22002-100:2025 and ISO 22002-1:2025 standards and downloads relevant information on the FSSC 22000 Certification Scheme including the FSSC 22000 Certification Scheme Additional Requirements Version 6.	Top Management		·	
2	Top Management determine external and internal issues that are relevant to its purpose and that affect its ability to achieve the intended result(s) of its FSMS.	Top Management			
3	Top Management determine the interested parties that are relevant to the FSMS and the relevant requirements of the interested parties of the FSMS.	Top Management			
4	Top Management determine the boundaries and applicability of the FSMS to establish its scope. The scope shall specify the products and services, processes and production site(s) that are included in the FSMS.	Top Management			
5	Top Management plan how to establish, implement, maintain, update and continually improve a FSMS, including the processes needed and their interactions	Top Management			
6	Top Management plan the development of a food safety and quality culture and the actions required to demonstrate leadership and commitment with respect to the FSMS	Top Management			

4.4

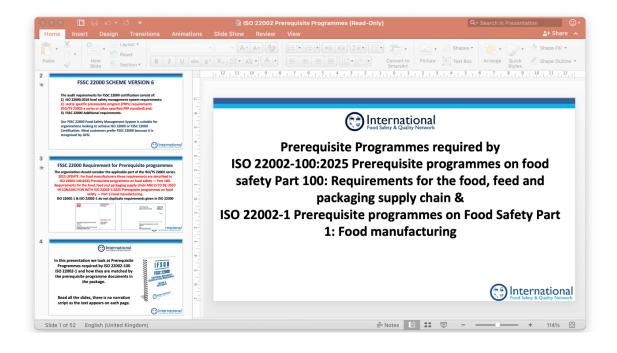
<u>Prerequisite Programme Document Implementation</u>

The Prerequisite Programme documents should be edited and procedures implemented as per the plan and relevant training given. It is advisable that all involved particularly the Food Safety/HACCP Team view the following training presentations first:

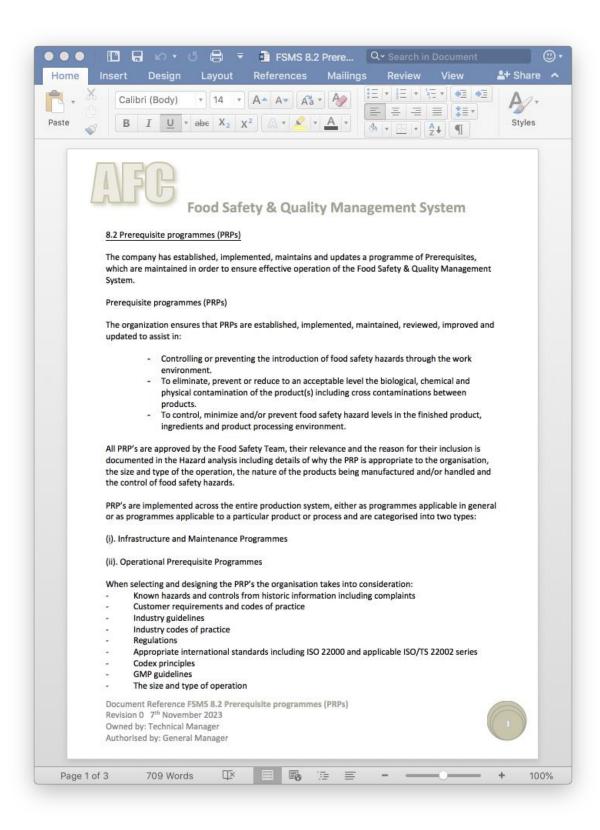
New Good Hygienic Practice Training



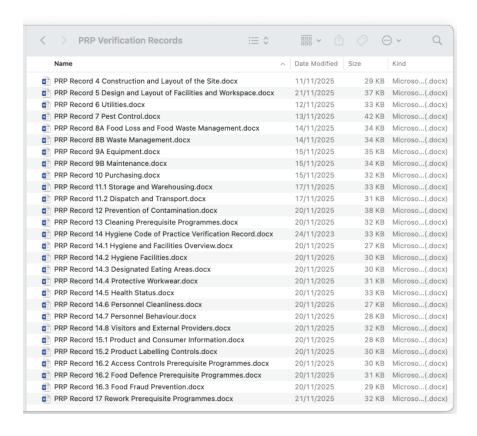
Prerequisite Programme Training



FSMS 8.2 Prerequisite programmes (PRPs)



Select, Edit and Implement Relevant Prerequisite Programmes





Step Four: Project 22000 - HACCP Implementation

We will now go through a step by step guide to implementing your HACCP using the HACCP Calculator. It is advisable that all involved particularly the Food Safety/HACCP Team view the following training presentations first:

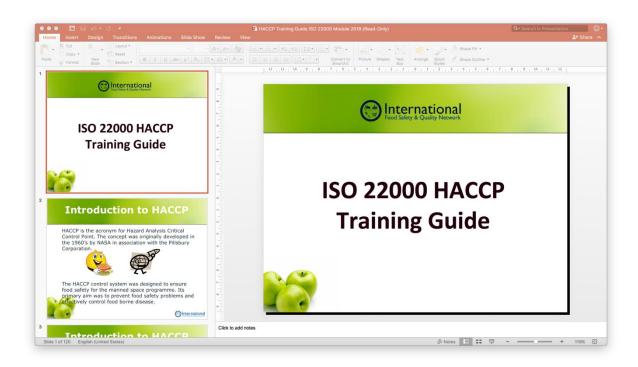
Food Safety Team: ISO 22000 Implementation Guide





HACCP Training

An illustrated PowerPoint HACCP training presentation is supplied to train your food safety team.



The HACCP documents should be edited and procedures implemented by the Food Safety Team as per the plan.

8.5 Hazard control

FSMS 8.5.1 Preliminary steps to enable hazard analysis

FSMS 8.5.2 Hazard analysis

FSMS 8.5.3 Validation of control measure(s) and combinations of control measures

FSMS 8.5.4 Hazard control plan (HACCP/OPRP plan)

FSMS 8.6 Updating the information specifying the PRPs and the hazard control plan

FSMS 8.8 Verification related to PRPs and the hazard control plan

The Management Team will also be editing implementing procedures:

FSMS 8.1 Operational planning and control

FSMS 8.3 Traceability system

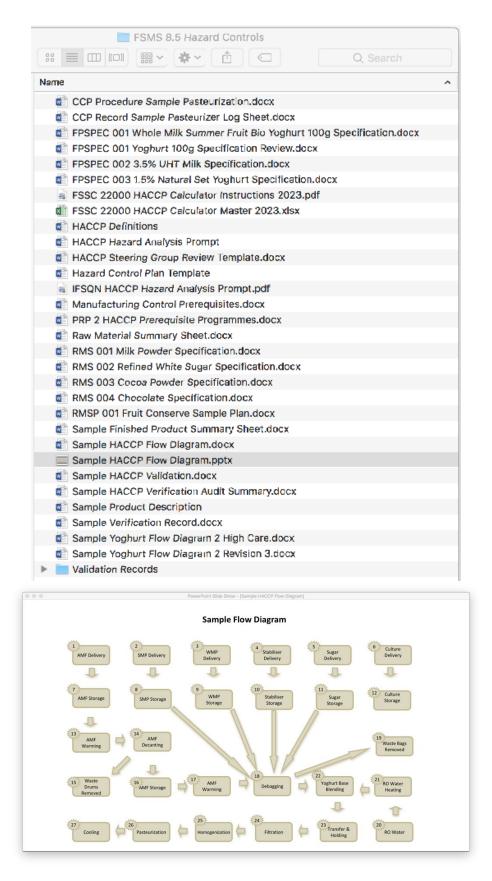
FSMS 8.4 Emergency preparedness and response

FSMS 8.7 Control of monitoring and measuring

FSMS 8.9 Control of product and process nonconformities

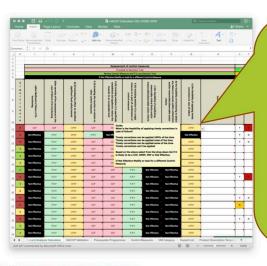
FSMS 8.9.5 Withdrawal/recall

There is a Sample HACCP Flow Diagram in the FSMS 8.5 Hazard Controls Folder as well as a few other useful documents:



There is also guidance in FSSC 22000 HACCP Calculator Instructions

ISO 22000 HACCP Calculator Instruction



e) What is the feasibility of applying timely corrections in case of failure?

Timely corrections can be applied 100% of the time Timely corrections can be applied most of the time Timely corrections can be applied some of the time Timely corrections can't be applied

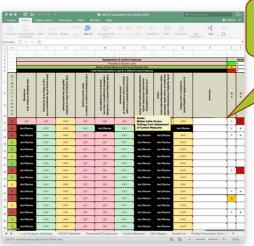
Based on the above select from the drop-down list i it is likely to be a CCP. OPRP, PRP or Not Effective.

If Not Effective Modify or look for a different Control Measure

Document Reference ISO 22000 HACCP Calculator Instructions Revision 2 2022 Written by: Tony-C



ISO 22000 HACCP Calculator Instruction

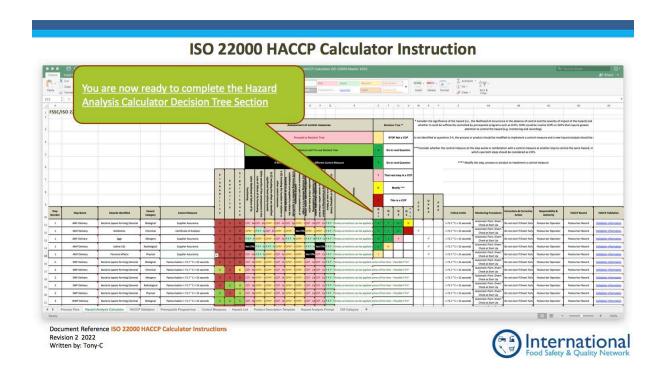


Make notes of your findings from Assessment of Control Measures

Document Reference ISO 22000 HACCP Calculator Instructions
Revision 2 2022



There is also guidance in FSSC 22000 HACCP Calculator Instructions



HACCP Calculator Instruction

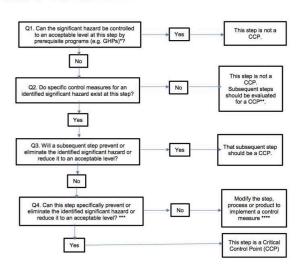
You are now ready to complete the HACCP Calculator Decision Tree Section

- * Consider the significance of the hazard (i.e., the likelihood of occurrence in the absence of control and the severity of impact of the hazard) and whether it could be sufficiently controlled by prerequisite programs such as GHPs. GHPs could be routine GHPs or GHPs that require greater attention to control the hazard (e.g.
- monitoring and recording).

 ** If a CCP is not identified at questions 2-4, the process or product should be modified to implement a control measure and a new hazard analysis should be conducted.

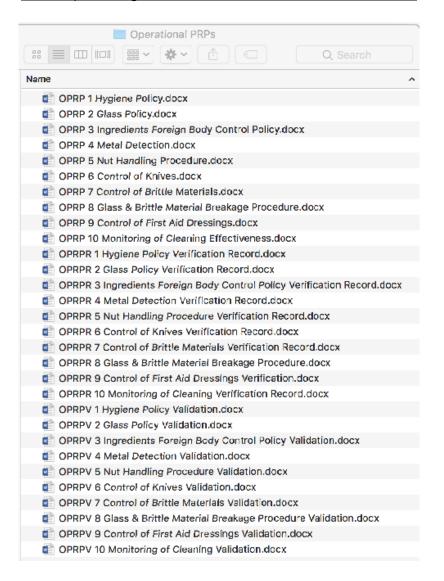
 ***Consider whether the control measure at this step works in
- ***Consider whether the control measure at this step works in combination with a control measure at another step to control the same hazard, in which case both steps should be considered as CCPs.
- as CCPs.
 ****Return to the beginning of the decision tree after a new hazard analysis.

Document Reference ISO 22000 HACCP Calculator Instructions
Revision 2 2022
Written by Tony C





Note the Operational PRPs Folder Contains Operational PRP and corresponding Validation & Verification Records





At the same time as HACCP Implementation the Management Team will also need to be editing and implementing procedures:

8 Operation

FSMS 8.1 Operational planning and control

FSMS 8.3 Traceability system

FSMS 8.4 Emergency preparedness and response

FSMS 8.7 Control of monitoring and measuring

FSMS 8.9 Control of product and process nonconformities

FSMS 8.9.5 Withdrawal/recall

9 Performance evaluation

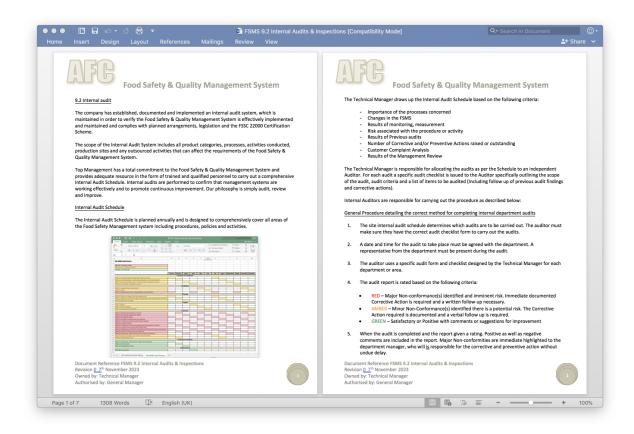
FSMS 9.1 Monitoring, measurement, analysis and evaluation

FSMS 9.2 Internal audit

FSMS 9.3 Management review

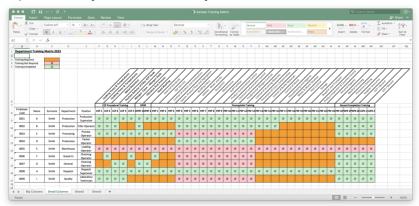
10 Improvement

FSMS 10 Improvement



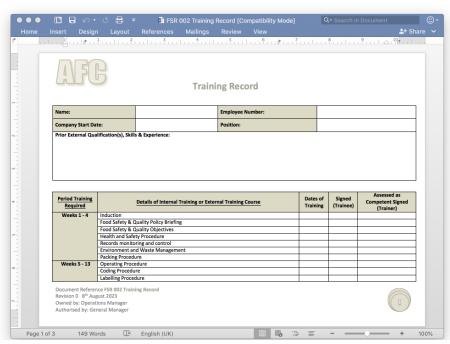
Project 22000 - Staff Training

A significant part of the implementation process is training. Job Descriptions should be available for all staff and they should be briefed and aware of their food safety responsibilities. A training matrix and plans should be drawn up for all staff and the relevant training given based on responsibility and authority.



We have provided a Staff Training Matrix Template in Microsoft Excel Format.

For each employee and individual training record should be completed. FSR Training Record is provided in the documentation pack as a template:

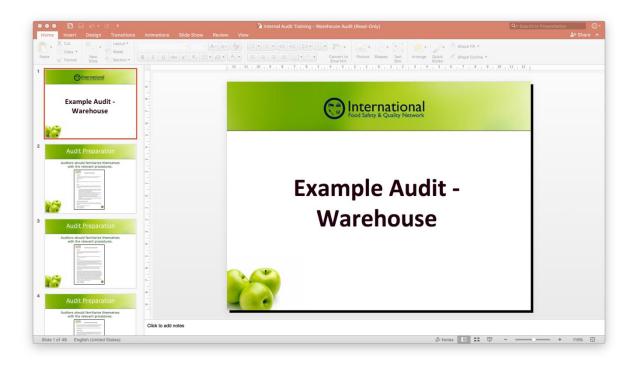


<u>Remember:</u> Now that the Prerequisite Programmes, and Hazard Control Plans all staff should be trained in the appropriate procedures, limits, corrective actions, and record completion.

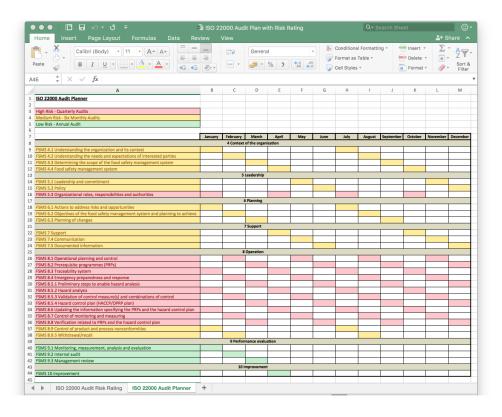
Step Five: Internal Auditing & Checklists

There are three PowerPoint Internal Auditor training presentations





ISO 22000 & ISO 22002-1 Audit Plan with Risk Rating

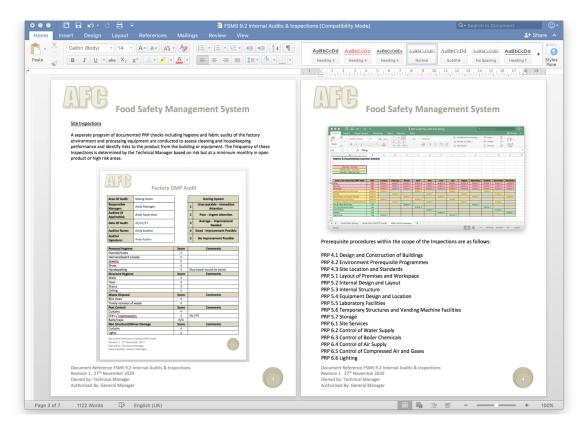


The Food Safety Team Leader should draw up the Internal Audit Schedule based on the following criteria:

- Importance of the processes concerned
- Changes in the FSMS
- Results of monitoring, measurement
- Risk associated with the procedure or activity
- Results of Previous audits
- Number of Corrective and/or Preventive Actions raised or outstanding
- Customer Complaint Analysis
- Results of the Management Review

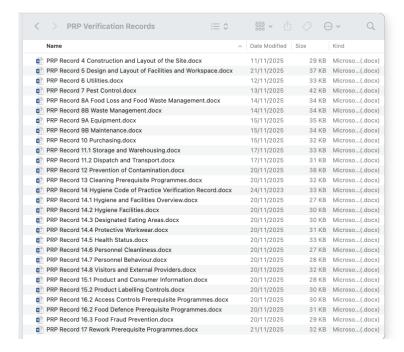
The Food Safety Team Leader should also draw up a Facility Inspection Schedule and maintain routine (e.g. monthly) site inspections/PRP checks to verify that the site (internal and external), production environment and processing equipment are maintained in a suitable condition to ensure food safety and quality. The frequency and content of the site inspections/PRP checks should be based on risk with defined sampling criteria and linked to the relevant technical specification.

See Procedure FSMS 9.2 Internal Audits & Inspections and H&H Audit Factory GMP Audit Form.



Prerequisite Programme Checklists

Extensive Prerequisite Programme Verification Checklists are provided in the PRP Verification Records Folder:



Stage 8 Final Steps to ISO 22000 Certification

There a few final steps to achieving ISO 22000 Certification:

- ✓ Carry out an assessment of your system to make sure that it
 meets the requirements of the certification scheme using the
 checklists provided
- ✓ Ensure any areas requiring corrective action are addressed
- ✓ Choose your Certification Body
- ✓ Make contact with the Certification Body
- ✓ Pre-assessment
- √ Formal assessment
- ✓ Certification
- ✓ Celebrate!
- ✓ Communicate your success!

Assess the Food Safety Management System

The Steering Group need to allocate responsibility to assess if the established Food Safety Management System meets the requirements of the ISO 22000 standard, ISO 22002-100, ISO 22002-1 and FSSC 22000 Certification Scheme Additional Requirements Version 6 using the checklists provided.

ISO 22000 Food Safety Management System Requirements Internal Audit					
ISO 22000 Clause	Audit Findings				
4 Context of the organization					
4.1 Understanding the or	ganization and its context				
Has the organization determined external and internal issues that					
are relevant to its purpose and that affect its ability to achieve the					
intended result(s) of its Food Safety Management System?					
Has the organization identified, reviewed and updated information					
related to these external and internal issues (legal, technological,					
competitive, market, cultural, social and economic environments,					
cybersecurity and food fraud, food defence and intentional					
contamination, knowledge and performance of the organization)?					
See notes from the standard.					
4.2 Understanding the needs and expectations of interested parties					
To ensure that the organization has the ability to consistently provide	products and services that meet applicable statutory, regulatory and				
customer requirements with regard to food safety, has the organization	on determined:				
- the interested parties that are relevant to the Food Safety					
Management System?					
- the relevant requirements of the interested parties of the Food					
Safety Management System?					
Does the organization identify, review and update information					
related to the interested parties and their requirements?					
4.3 Determining the scope of the food safety management system					

Review ISO 22002 prerequisite programs (PRPs) to control food safety hazards

The Steering Group now need to allocate responsibility to determine how far established prerequisite programmes meet the requirements of ISO 22002-100:2025 Prerequisite programmes on food safety Part 100: Requirements for the food, feed and packaging supply chain, ISO 22002-1:2025 Prerequisite Programmes for Food Manufacturers. Using the checklist below and a copy of ISO 22002 standards the delegated person should read the requirements in the relevant sections and complete the form.

ISO 22002 CONFORMANCE ANALYSIS					
4. Construction and Layout of Buildings					
Compliant					
ISO 22002 Requirements	Yes	No	Comments		
4.1 Boundaries of the site/facilities					
4.2 Environment					
4.3 Construction and layout					
5. Design and layout of facilities and workspaces					
ISO 22002 Beguinements	Commonts				
ISO 22002 Requirements	Yes	No	Comments		

Review compliance with FSSC 22000 Certification Scheme Additional Requirements

The Steering Group now need to allocate responsibility to determine how far established procedures meet the Additional Requirements of the FSSC 22000 Certification Scheme and complete the form.

	Compliant		
FSSC 22000 Certification Scheme Additional Requirements	Yes	No	Comments
2.5.1 Management of Services and Purchased Materials – in addition t	o 7.1.6 Control of	externally provided	d processes, products or services
s any analysis critical to the verification and/or validation of food			
safety conducted by a competent laboratory (including both internal			
and external laboratories as applicable) that has the capability to			
produce precise and repeatable test results using validated test			
methods and best practices. (e.g. successful participation in			
proficiency testing programs, regulatory approved programs or			
accreditation to international standards such as ISO 17025)?			
Is there a documented procedure for procurement in emergency			
situations to ensure that products still conform to specified			
requirements and the supplier has been evaluated?			
Is there a policy for the procurement of animals, fish and seafood			
that are subject to control of prohibited substances?			
•			
Is there a review process for product specifications to ensure continued compliance with food safety, legal and customer requirements?			

Ensure any FSSC/ISO 22000 areas requiring corrective action are addressed

The non-compliances identified in the assessment of compliance with FSSC/ISO 22000 should be logged by the Food Safety Team Leader and the appropriate corrective action allocated and taken:

Date	ISO/FSSC 22000 Clause	Details of Non- Conformance	Identified by:	Corrective Action Required	Responsibility	Target completion Date	Date Completed